Behaviour screen to monitor physical and behavioral patterns that can be associated with cognitive dysfunction/Dementia

- 1. Locomotory/ambulatory assessment (tick **only** 1)
 - O A. No alterations or debilities noted
 - O B. Modest slowness associated with range from youth to adult
 - O C. Moderate slowness associated with geriatric aging
 - O D. Moderate slowness associated with geriatric aging plus alteration or debility in gait
 - E. Moderate slowness associated with geriatric aging plus some loss of function (e.g cannot climb stairs)
 - F. Severe moderate slowness associated with extreme loss of function, particularly on slick surfaces (may need to be carried)
 - G. Severe slowness, extreme loss of function, and decreased willingness or interest in locomoting (spends most of time in bed)
 - H. Paralysed or refused to move
- 2. Appetite assessment (may tick **more** than 1)
 - O A. No alterations in appetite
 - O B. Change in ability to physically handle food
 - O C. Change in ability to retain food (vomits or regurgitates)
 - D. Change in ability to find food
 - O E. Change in interest in food (may be olfactory, having to do with the ability to smell)
 - O F. Change in rate of eating
 - O G. Change in completion of eating
 - O H. Change in timing of eating
 - I. Change in preferred textures.
- 3. Assessment of elimination function (tick **only** 1 in **each** category)
 - A. Changes in frequencies and "accidents"
 - 1. No change in frequency and no "accidents"
 - 2. Increased frequency, no "accidents"
 - o 3. Decreased frequency, no "accidents"
 - 4. Increased frequency with "accidents"
 - o 5. Decreased frequency with "accidents"
 - 6. No change in frequency, but "accidents"
 - B. Bladder Control
 - o 1. Leaks urine when asleep, only
 - 2. Leaks urine when awake, only
 - o 3. Leaks urine when awake or asleep, only
 - o 4. Full- stream, uncontrolled urination when asleep, only
 - o 5. Full- stream, uncontrolled urination when awake, only
 - o 6. Full- stream, uncontrolled urination when awake or asleep,
 - No leakage or uncontrolled urination, all urination controlled, but inappropriate or undesired location
 - 0 8. No change in urination control or behaviour

- C. Bowel control (circle appropriate answer, if this occurs, please)
 - o 1. Defecates when asleep
 - Formed stool Diarrhoea Mixed
 - 2. Defecates without apparent awareness
 - Formed stool Diarrhoea Mixed
 - 3.Defaceates when awake and aware of action, but inappropriate or undesirable locations
 - Formed stool Diarrhoea Mixed
 - o 4. No changes in bowel control
- 4. Visual acuity- how well does the client think the dog/cat sees? (Tick only 1)
 - A. No Change in visual acuity detected by behaviour- appears to see as well as ever
 - O B. Some change in acuity **not** dependent on ambient light conditions
 - O C. Some change in acuity dependent on ambient light conditions
 - D. Extreme change in acuity not dependent on ambient light conditions
 - E. Extreme change in acuity dependent on ambient light conditions
 - o F. Blind
- 5. Auditory acuity- how well does the client think the dog/cat hears (Tick **only** 1)
 - A. No apparent change in auditory acuity
 - B. Some decrement in hearing- not responding to sounds to which the dog/cat used to respond.
 - C. Extreme decrement in hearing- have to make sure dog/cat is paying attention or repeat signals or go get the dog/cat when called
 - D. Deaf- no response to sounds of any kind
- 6. Play interactions- if the dog/cat plays with **Toys** (other pets are addressed later), which situation best describes that play? (Tick **only** 1)
- A. No change in play with toys
- O B. Slightly decreased interest in toys, only
- O C. Slightly decreased ability to play with toys, only
- O D. Slightly decreased interest and ability to play with toys
- O E. Extreme decreased interest in toys, only
- o F. Extreme decreased ability to play with toys, only
- O G. Extreme decreased interest and ability to play with toys
- 7. Interactions with humans- which situation best describes that interaction? (Tick only 1)
 - A. No change in interaction with people
 - O B. Recognises people but slightly decreased frequency of interaction
 - C. Recognises people but greatly decreased frequency of interaction
 - O D. Withdrawal but recognises people
 - E. Does not recognise people

- 8. Interactions with other pets- which situation best describes that interaction? (Tick only 1)
 - O A. No change in interaction with other pets
 - O B. Recognises other pets but slightly decreased frequency of interaction
 - O C. Recognises other pets but greatly decreased frequency of interaction
 - O D. Withdrawal but recognises other pets
 - o E. Does not recognise other pets
 - O F. No other pets or animal companions in house or social environment
- 9. Changes in sleep/ wake cycle (Tick only 1)
 - o A. No change in sleep patterns
 - O B. Sleeps more in day, only
 - O C. Some change- awakens at night and sleeps more in day
 - O D. Much change-profoundly erratic nocturnal pattern and irregular daytime pattern
 - o E. Sleeps virtually all day, awake occasionally at night
 - F. Sleeps almost around the clock
- 10. Is there anything else you think we should know?